Date 3-31-82

### WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

**REGULAR SESSION, 1982** 

# ENROLLED

SENATE BILL NO. 407

(By Mr Mc Graw, Mr-President)

PASSED March 13, 1982
In Effect April 1, 1912

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#### Senate Bill No. 407

(By Mr. McGraw, Mr. President, original sponsor)

[Passed March 13, 1982; in effect April 1, 1982.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two-a and two-b, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to business and occupation taxes upon the production of timber and the manufacturing of wood products; and providing for certain deductions.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two-a and two-b, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 13. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX.

## §11-13-2a. Severance, extraction and production of coal and other natural resource products.

- 1 Upon every person exercising the privilege of engaging
- 2 or continuing within this state in the business of severing,
- 3 extracting, reducing to possession and producing for sale,
- 4 profit or commercial use any natural resource products.
- 5 the amount of such tax to be equal to the value of the
- 6 articles produced as shown by the gross proceeds derived
- 7 from the sale thereof by the producer, except as other-
- 8 wise provided, multiplied by the respective rates and in
- 9 the classifications as follows:
- 10 (1) Coal, three and five-tenths percent. The value of coal
- 11 mined and produced in this state in the exercise of the
- 12 production privilege, taxable at the rates herein and in
- 13 section two-l in conjunction with section two of this

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article, shall include in addition to the value of the mined product those values arising from the ordinary processing and preparing of such coal for sale or commercial use, 16 17 where such processing and preparing are done by the 18 producer of the coal. Ordinary processing and preparing of coal activities by the producer thereof are considered 20 an integral part of the production privilege and include 21 crushing, washing, cleaning, drying, sorting, sizing, blend-22 ing, loading for shipment and the like applied in the 23 ordinary mining of such products to make the same sal-24 able and commercially usable. The values taxable herein 25 and attributable to such ordinary processing and prepar-26 ing of coal activities will not be again taxable under the 27 provisions of section two-b of this article to the producer 28 of such coal. The processing associated with the production of all other natural resources referred to in this 29 30 section and more sophisticated processing and preparing 31 of coal activities shall be subject to the other applicable 32 provisions of this article.

- 33 (2) Limestone or sandstone, quarried or mined, two 34 and two-tenths percent.
  - (3) Oil, four and thirty-four one-hundredths percent.
- (4) Natural gas, in excess of the value of five thousand 37 dollars, eight and sixty-three one-hundredths percent.
- 38 (5) Blast furnace slag, four and thirty-four one-hun-39 dredths percent.
- 40 (6) Sand, gravel or other mineral product not quarried 41 or mined, four and thirty-four one-hundredths percent.
- (7) Timber, two and five-tenths percent. Severing and 43 delimbing of timber by the producer thereof is the production privilege. The values taxable herein and attribut-44 able to such production of timber will not again be 46 taxable under the provisions of section two-b of this article to the producer of such timber.
- 48 (8) Other natural resource products, two and eighty-49 six one-hundredths percent.

The measure of this tax is the value of the entire pro-50 51 duction in this state, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that the delivery may be made to points outside the 53 state.

54 For the purpose of the production of oil classification, 55 and the production of natural gas classification, as set forth in this section, multiple co-owners of oil or natural 56 57 gas, in place, lessees thereof, or others being vested with 58 title and ownership to part or all of the oil and gas, as personal property, immediately after severance, extrac-59 60 tion, reduction to possession and production, except royalty recipients, in kind, shall be deemed to be a "group 61 or combination acting as a unit" and one "person," as 62 63 defined in section one of this article, if not otherwise 64 defined therein, whenever engaged in the business of producing oil or natural gas through common use, by joint or 65 66 separately executed contracts, of the same independent 67 contractor driller or operator's services; and not with-68 standing provisions of private contracts for separate 69 deposit for gross receipts in separate members' accounts or for members of such group or combination to take in 70 71 kind any proportionate part of such natural resources.

Lessees, sublessees or other denominated lessees are 73 considered to be producers of all of the oil or natural gas 74 produced, regardless of any payment, in kind, to lessors, 75 sublessors or other denominated lessors of a part of such 76 natural resources as rents or royalties. Recipients of royalties or rents, in kind, in case or otherwise are taxable on their gross income pursuant to the provisions of section two-i of this article.

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#### §11-13-2b. Manufacturing, compounding or preparing products; processing of food excepted.

1 Upon every person engaging or continuing within this 2 state in the business of manufacturing, compounding or preparing for sale, profit, or commercial use, either di-4 rectly or through the activity of others in whole or part, any article or articles, substance or substances, commod-5 6 ity or commodities, or electric power produced by public 7 utilities or others and not taxed under other provisions 8 of this article, or newspaper publishing (including all 9 gross income or proceeds of sale from circulation and 10 advertising), the amount of the tax to be equal to the value of the article, substance, commodity or electric 11 12 power or newspaper, manufactured, compounded or pre-

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pared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer or person 15 compounding or preparing the same, except as otherwise provided, multiplied by a rate of eighty-eight one-hun-16 17 dredths of one percent. The measure of this tax is the 18 value of the entire product manufactured, compounded or prepared in this state for sale, profit or commercial 19 20 use, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that de-21 liveries may be made to points outside the state. How-22 ever, with respect to the manufacturing, compounding or 23 preparing for sale of timber or timber products, the meas-24 ure of this tax is the value of the entire timber product 25 manufactured, compounded or prepared in the state for 26 sale, profit or commercial use, regardless of the place of 27 sale or the fact that deliveries may be made to points 28 outside the state but such value shall not include the 29 value of any timber or timber products used as ingre-30 dients, components, or elements of such timber products. 31 However, the dressing and processing of food by a person, 32 firm or corporation, which food is to be sold on a wholesale basis by such person, firm or corporation shall not be 33 34 considered as manufacturing or compounding, but the sale 35 of these products on a wholesale basis shall be subject to 36 the same tax as is imposed on the business of selling at 37 wholesale as provided in section two-c.

It is further provided, however, that in those instances in which the same person partially manufactures, compounds or prepares products within this state and partially manufactures, compounds or prepares such products outside of this state the measure of his tax under this section shall be that proportion of the sale price of the product that the payroll cost of manufacturing within this state bears to the entire payroll cost of manufacturing the product; or, at the option of the taxpayer, the measure of his tax under this section shall be the proportion of the sales value of the articles that the cost of operations in West Virginia bears to the full cost of manufacture of the articles.

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The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that
the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.
X. P. Baylon
Chairman Senate Committee
Jony & Whillow
Chairman House Committee
Originated in the Senate.
To take effect April 1, 1982.
Sold C Wolls Clerk of the Senate
Vakelankenskye
Clerk of the House of Delegates
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Manent Manus
President of the Senate
Mil Mac
Speaker House of Delegates
The within in approved this the 3
day of 1982.
Jan. Ran w
Governor
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